

865.  $y = \sin^n x \cos nx.$

866.  $y = \sin [\sin(\sin x)].$

869.  $y = \frac{1}{\cos^n x}.$

870.  $y = \frac{\sin x - x \cos x}{\cos x + x \sin x}.$

871.  $y = \operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} - \operatorname{ctg} \frac{x}{2}.$

872.  $y = \operatorname{tg} x - \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{tg}^3 x + \frac{1}{5} \operatorname{tg}^5 x.$

873.  $y = 4 \sqrt[3]{\operatorname{ctg}^2 x} + \sqrt[3]{\operatorname{ctg}^8 x}.$

879.  $y = \left[ \frac{1-x^2}{2} \sin x - \frac{(1+x)^2}{2} \cos x \right] e^{-x}.$

880.  $y = e^x \left( 1 + \operatorname{ctg} \frac{x}{2} \right).$

881.  $y = \frac{\ln 3 \cdot \sin x + \cos x}{3^x}.$

884.  $y = \left( \frac{a}{b} \right)^x \left( \frac{b}{x} \right)^a \left( \frac{x}{a} \right)^b$

885.  $y = x^{a^a} + a^{x^a} + a^{a^x} \quad (a > 0).$

886.  $y = \lg^3 x^2.$

889.  $y = \frac{1}{2} \ln(1+x) - \frac{1}{4} \ln(1+x^2) - \frac{1}{2(1+x)}.$

890.  $y = \frac{1}{4} \ln \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 + 1}.$

891.  $y = \frac{1}{4(1+x^4)} + \frac{1}{4} \ln \frac{x^4}{1+x^4}.$

892.  $y = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{6}} \ln \frac{x\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}}{x\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}}.$

893.  $y = \frac{1}{1-k} \ln \frac{1+x}{1-x} - \frac{\sqrt{k}}{1-k} \ln \frac{1+x\sqrt{k}}{1-x\sqrt{k}} \quad (0 < k < 1).$

894.  $y = \sqrt{x+1} - \ln(1+\sqrt{x+1}).$

895.  $y = \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}).$

896.  $y = x \ln(x + \sqrt{1+x^2}) - \sqrt{1+x^2}.$

897.  $y = x \ln^2(x + \sqrt{1+x^2}) - 2\sqrt{1+x^2} \ln(x + \sqrt{1+x^2}) + 2x.$

898.  $y = \frac{x}{2} \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} + \frac{a^2}{2} \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}).$

899.  $y = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{ab}} \ln \frac{\sqrt{a}+x\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}-x\sqrt{b}} \quad (a > 0, b > 0).$

867.  $y = \frac{\sin^2 x}{\sin x^2}.$

868.  $y = \frac{\cos x}{2 \sin^2 x}.$

874.  $y = \sec^2 \frac{x}{a} + \operatorname{cosec}^2 \frac{x}{a}.$

875.  $y = \sin[\cos^2(\operatorname{tg}^3 x)].$

876.  $y = e^{-x^2}.$

877.  $y = 2^{\operatorname{tg} \frac{1}{x}}.$

878.  $y = e^x(x^2 - 2x + 2).$

882.  $y = e^{ax} \frac{a \sin bx - b \cos bx}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}.$

883.  $y = e^x + e^{e^x} + e^{e^{e^x}}.$

(a &gt; 0, b &gt; 0).

887.  $y = \ln(\ln(\ln x)).$

888.  $y = \ln(\ln^2(\ln^3 x)).$